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Executive Summary

We have been commissioned by Cornwall Council (the Administering Authority) to carry out a valuation of the Cornwall Pension Fund (the Fund) as at 31 March 2022. This report marks the end of the valuation process and contains information on the employer contribution rates for the period 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026 and a review of the funding level at 31 March 2022.

PRIMARY RATES

Have increased on average from 19.1% to 20.5% of pay. The increased cost of providing future benefits is largely due to higher inflation.

The contribution rates for individual employers set at this valuation can be found in the <u>Rates & Adjustments</u> <u>Certificate</u>.

SECONDARY RATES

Have decreased due to good investment performance over the three year period between valuations.

THE FUNDING LEVEL

Has improved from 90% at 31 March 2019 to 96% at 31 March 2022.

This is due to good investment performance and an increase in expected future investment returns.





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Approach to valuation



Valuation Purpose

We have been commissioned by Cornwall Council (the Administering Authority) to carry out a valuation of the Cornwall Pension Fund (the Fund) as at 31 March 2022. This fulfils Regulation 62 of the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013.

The triennial actuarial valuation is an important part of the Fund's risk management. Its main purpose is to ensure the Fund continues to have a contribution plan and investment strategy that will achieve the objectives set out in the Funding Strategy Statement.

The two main results of the valuation are:



Employer contribution rates for the period from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026.



The funding level of the Fund at 31 March 2022.

Further information on the valuation process, methodology and strategy is set out in the publicly available Funding Strategy Statement, Investment Strategy Statement and published papers and minutes of the Fund's Pensions Committee. Additional material is also contained in <a href="https://example.com/hymans.com/hyman





Setting employer contribution rates

Employer contributions need to be set at a level which ensures the Fund has a reasonable likelihood of having enough money to pay members' benefits. Identifying the amount of benefits that may be paid is complex as those earned today might only start being paid in 50 years' time. Over that time period, there is significant uncertainty over factors which affect the cost of benefits, eg inflation, investment returns. These uncertainties are allowed for by taking a risk-based approach to setting employer contribution rates. This approach is built around three key funding decisions set by the Fund and asset-liability modelling.

Key funding decisions

For each employer, the Fund determines the most appropriate choice for the following three funding decisions. Further detail is set out in the Funding Strategy Statement.

What is the funding target for each employer?

Will the employer remain in the Fund for the long-term or exit at some point

What is the funding time horizon?

How long will the employer participate in the Fund

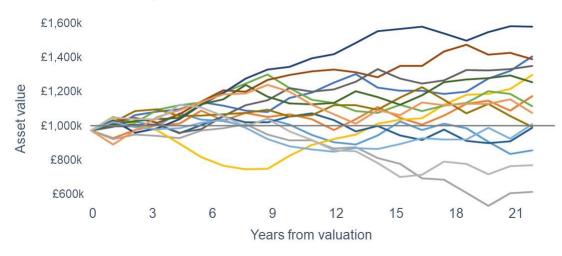
What is the required likelihood?

How much funding risk can the employer's covenant support

Asset-liability modelling

Asset-liability modelling is used to project each employer's assets and benefit payments into the future using 5,000 different economic scenarios. The economic scenarios are generated using Hymans Robertson's Economic Scenario Service (ESS) (further information in Appendix 2). A sample is shown in Picture 1.

Picture 1: sample progression of employer asset values







Measuring the funding level

The past service funding level is measured at the valuation. Whilst it is limited in providing insight into a funding plan, it is a useful high-level summary statistic. To measure the funding level, a market-related approach is taken to calculating both the assets and the liabilities (so they are consistent with each other).

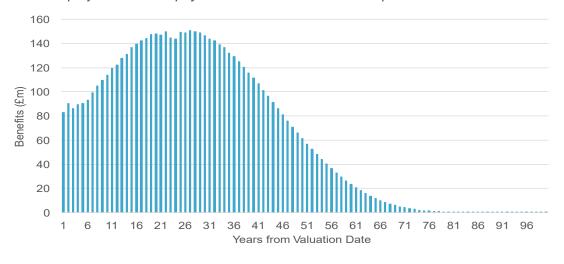
- The market value of the Fund's assets at the valuation date have been used.
- The liabilities have been valued using assumptions based on market indicators at the valuation date (these assumptions are detailed in Appendix 2).

The liabilities are the value of all future payments to members based on all benefits earned up to the valuation date, expressed in today's money.

Chart 1 shows the projected payments for all members in the Fund at the valuation date. The projections are based on the membership data provided for the valuation (<u>Appendix 1</u>), the assumptions (<u>Appendix 2</u>) and our understanding of the LGPS benefit structure as at 31 March 2022 (details at www.lgpsregs.org).

To express the future payments in today's money, the projections are discounted with an assumed future investment return on the Fund's assets (the discount rate).

Chart 1: projected benefit payments for all service earned up to 31 March 2022







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Valuation results





Employer contribution rates

The primary objective of the Fund is to set employer contribution rates that will adequately cover the cost of benefits which will accrue in the future and any costs related to benefits already earned. A secondary objective is to ensure the rates are as stable as possible. The risk-based approach detailed earlier is used to meet both these objectives.

The employer contribution rate is made up of two components.

- 1. A primary rate: the level sufficient to cover all new benefits being earned.
- 2. A secondary rate: the costs associated with sufficiently funding benefits accrued up to the valuation date.

Each employer has a contribution rate which is appropriate to their circumstances and these can be found in the Rates & Adjustments
Certificate. Broadly speaking:

- Primary rates have increased since the last valuation due to rising inflation.
- Secondary rates have decreased due to strong investment performance since the previous valuation.

However all employers will be different and the contribution rate will reflect the membership and experiences of each employer.

Table 3 shows the total of all employer contribution rates to be paid into the Fund over the period 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026.

Table 1: Whole-fund contribution rate, compared with the previous valuation

	This valuation 31 March 2022			aluation rch 2019
Primary Rate	20.5% of pay		19.1%	% of pay
Secondary Rate	2023/2024	£11,376,000	2020/2021	£16,790,000
	2024/2025	£12,181,000	2021/2022	£16,687,000
	2025/2026	£13,013,000	2022/2023	£16,585,000

The primary rate includes an allowance of 0.6% of pensionable pay for the Fund's expenses.

Employees pay a contribution to the Fund in addition to these rates. These rates are set by the LGPS Regulations. The average employee contribution rate at 31 March 2022 is 6.3% of pay (6.3% at 31 March 2019).





Funding level

The funding level is the ratio of assets to liabilities. The market value of the assets at the valuation date are known. The value of the liabilities is uncertain given that the level of future investment returns are unknown.

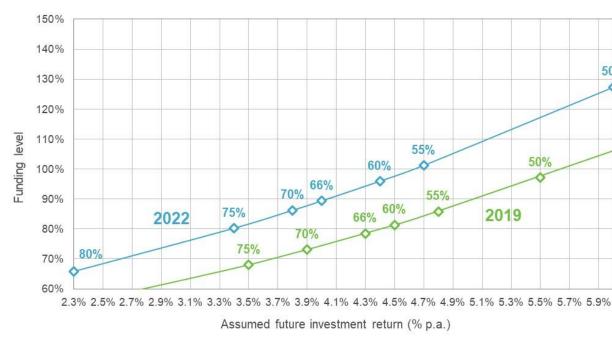
Therefore, the liabilities and funding level have been calculated across a range of different investment returns (the discount rate).

To help better understand funding risk, the likelihood of the Fund's investment strategy (detailed in <u>Appendix 1</u>) achieving certain levels of return has also been calculated.

Chart 2 shows how the funding level varies with future investment return assumptions at 31 March 2022 (blue line). The green line shows the same analysis at 31 March 2019.

- The funding position at 2022 (96%) is stronger than 2019 (90%).
- The funding level is 100% if future investment returns are c.4.6% pa.
 The likelihood of the Fund's assets yielding at least this return is around 67%.
- The comparator at 2019 was a return of 4.7% pa which had a likelihood of 62%.
- There is a 50% likelihood of an investment return of 5.7% pa. So the best-estimate funding level is 121% at 31 March 2022 (114% at 2019).

Chart 2: funding level across a range of future investment returns



Figures on each line show the likelihood of the Fund's assets exceeding that level of return over the next 20 years







Single funding level as at 31 March 2022

Whilst the chart on the previous page provides a better understanding of the past service funding position, there is still a requirement to report a single funding level at 31 March 2022.

To report a single funding level and funding surplus/deficit for the 2022 valuation, a discount rate of 4.4% pa has been used. There is a 70% likelihood associated with a future investment return of 4.4% pa.

Table 2 details the liabilities, split by member status and the market value of assets at the valuation date. The results at the 2019 formal valuation are shown for comparison.

The funding level and surplus/deficit figures provide a high-level snapshot of the funding position of the Fund as at 31 March 2022, however there are limitations:

- The liabilities are calculated using a single set of assumptions about the future and so are very sensitive to the choice of assumptions.
- The market value of assets held by the Fund will change on a daily basis.

The future progression of the funding position is uncertain. If the financial and demographic assumptions made at this valuation actually occur, employers pay contributions in line with the R&A certificate and there are no other changes in the financial or demographic environment, we project that the funding level at the next valuation (31 March 2025) will be approximately 97%.

Table 2: single reported funding level

Valuation Date	This valuation 31 March 2022	Last valuation 31 March 2019
Past Service Liabilities	(£m)	(£m)
Employees	774	717
Deferred Pensioners	552	447
Pensioners	1,137	970
Total Liabilities	2,463	2,133
Assets	2,363	1,926
Surplus/(Deficit)	(100)	(207)
Funding Level	96%	90%

Important: the reported funding level does not directly drive the contribution rates for employers. The contribution rates consider how assets and liabilities will evolve over time in different economic scenarios and also reflect each employer's funding profile and covenant.



Changes since the last valuation

Events between 2019 and 2022

The most significant external event to occur since the last valuation has been the Covid-19 pandemic. The experience analysis shows that the amount of pension ceasing was broadly in line with expectations. Overall, mortality experience has had a minimal impact on the funding position. This is likely due to the age profile of the excess deaths and the level of pension.

Other significant factors occurring which affect the funding strategy of the Fund have been the better than expected investment returns. This has had a material positive impact on the funding position and employers' secondary contribution rates.

Financial

Table 3: analysis of financial experience between 2019 and 2022 valuations

	Expected	Actual	Difference	Impact on funding position
Investment returns				
3 year period	12.8%	20.3%	7.4%	+£146m
Annual	4.1% pa	6.4% pa	2.3% pa	

Membership

Table 4: analysis of membership experience between 2019 and 2022 valuations

	Expected	Actual	Difference	Impact on funding position
Pre-retirement				
Early leavers	6,198	6,265	67	+£0m
III-health retirements	71	117	46	-£2m
Salary increases	2.9% pa	4.8% pa	1.9% pa	-£24m
Post-retirement				
Benefit increases	2.3% pa	1.8% pa	0.6% pa	+£32m
Pension ceasing	£5.1m	£4.6m	-£0.5m	-£6m





Changes since the last valuation

Future outlook

Expectations about the future, which inform the assumptions used to value the liabilities, have changed since the last valuation. The most significant changes are:

- Future inflation: this is expected to be on average higher than at 2019 due to the current level of high inflation.
- Investment returns: due to change in the Fund's investment strategy and financial markets, future investment returns are now expected to be higher than at the last valuation.

Table 5: summary of change in future outlook

Factor	What does it affect?	What's changed?	Impact on liabilities
Future investment returns	The rate at which you discount back future benefit payments i.e. the discount rate assumption	Future investment returns slightly higher at 2022 than at 2019. The best estimate return is now 4.4% pa vs 4.1% pa at 2019.	Decrease of £129
Inflation	The rate at which pensions (both in payment and deferment) and CARE pots increase	Significant increase in short-term future inflation expectations.	Increase of £174
Salary increases	The rate at which future salaries increase which will affect the benefits that are still linked to final salary i.e. accrued before 1 April 2014	No material change since last valuation given competing factors e.g. tighter budgetary conditions vs. strong job market and pressure from National Living Wage increases.	No impact
Current life expectancy	How long we expect people to live for based on today's current observed mortality rates.	Slight reduction in life expectancy based on current observed data (not allowing for Covid-related excess deaths)	Increase of £7
Future improvements in life expectancy	How we expect life expectancies to change (increase) in the future.	Uncertainty about effectiveness of mitigations against life expectancy increases in the LGPS i.e. State Pension Age increases and Cost Cap. Need to better reflect wider pension and insurance industry long-term expectations.	Increase of £14





Reconciling the overall change in funding position

The table provides insight into the funding position change between 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2022:

First of all, the changes we expect to happen, which relate mostly to items on the asset side.

Then the impact of actual experience, which mainly affects the liabilities but also shows the impact of higher than expected investment returns.

Table 6: expected development of funding position between 2019 and 2022 valuations

Change in the surplus/deficit position	Assets (£m)	Liabilities (£m)	Surplus / Deficit (£m)
Last valuation at 31 March 2019	1,926	2,133	(207)
Cashflows			
Contributions (and net transfers) paid in	273	0	273
Benefits paid out	(245)	(245)	0
Expected changes			
Expected investment returns	251	0	251
Interest on benefits already accrued	0	273	(273)
Accrual of new benefits	0	242	(242)
Expected position at 31 March 2022	2,205	2,403	(198)
Events between 2019 and 2022			
Membership experience	12	24	(12)
Impact of McCloud remedy	0	2	(2)
Higher than expected investment returns	146	0	146
Changes in future expectations			
Investment returns	0	(129)	129
Inflation	0	174	(174)
Salary increases	0	0	0
Longevity	0	7	(7)
Other demographic assumptions	0	(19)	19
Actual position at 31 March 2022	2,363	2,463	(100)

Numbers may not sum due to rounding



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Sensitivity & risk analysis



Sensitivity and risk analysis: assumptions

There is risk and uncertainty inherent with funding benefit payments that will be paid out many years in the future. The Fund is aware of these and has in place a risk register which is regularly reviewed. Additionally, as part of the valuation, the Fund reviews sources of risk that may impact its funding position and the contribution rates payable by employers.

This section discusses some of the most significant sources of funding risk (assumptions, regulatory, administration and governance and climate change). Further information of the Fund's approach to funding risk management, including monitoring, mitigation and management, is set out in the Funding Strategy Statement.

The valuation results depend on the actuarial assumptions made about the future. By their nature, these assumptions are uncertain which means its important to understand their sensitivity and risk levels.

Contribution rates

The risk-based approach to setting employer contribution rates mitigates the limitation of relying on one set of assumptions. Therefore, there is no need to carry out additional analysis of the sensitivity of contribution rates to changes in financial assumptions. The contribution rates are sensitive to changes in demographic assumptions. The results in this section in relation to the funding position can be broadly applied to the contribution rates.

Funding level

Financial assumptions

On page 10, we have already set out how the results vary with the assumed future investment return. The table below considers inflation.

Table 7: sensitivity of funding position to inflation assumption

CPI Assumption	Surplus/ (Deficit)	Funding Level
p.a.	£m	%
2.5%	(23)	99%
2.7%	(100)	96%
2.9%	(180)	93%

Demographic assumptions

The main area of demographic risk is if people live longer than expected. The table below shows the impact of longer term longevity rates improving at a faster rate (1.75% pa vs 1.5% pa used in the results)

Table 8: sensitivity of funding position to longevity assumption

Long term rate of improvement	Surplus/ (Deficit)	Funding Level
p.a.	£m	%
1.50%	(100)	94%
1.75%	(120)	94%



Sensitivity and risk analysis: climate change

Background

Climate change is a major source of uncertainty which could affect future investment returns, inflation and life expectancies. Therefore, the Fund has explicitly explored the resilience of its funding and investment strategy to future potential climate change outcomes.

It is impossible to confidently quantify the effect of climate risk given the significant uncertainty over the impact of different possible climate outcomes. Instead, three different climate change scenarios have been considered as a stress-test (instead of trying to predict how climate change affects the funding level in the future).

All the scenarios assume that there will be a period of disruption linked either to the response to climate risk (transition risks) or the effect of it (physical risks). This disruption will lead to high volatility in financial markets, and the later the disruption, the more pronounced it will be.

Further detail on the scenarios is shown on the next page and in our guide 10 of Hymans Robertson's LGPS 2022 valuation toolkit¹

Outcome of analysis

The Fund has set its funding and investment strategy using asset-liability modelling and considering two main risk metrics:

- Likelihood of success the chance of being fully funded in 20 years' time
- Downside risk the average worst 5% of funding levels in 20 years' time

When exploring the potential impact of climate change, the Fund has compared how these risk metrics change under each climate change scenario (against the 'Core' model used when setting the funding and investment strategy). The stress test results for the Fund are shown in Table 9 below.

Table 9: sensitivity of funding position to longevity assumption

Likelihood of success	Downside risk
71%	39%
71%	35%
68%	40%
68%	40%
	71% 71% 68%

The results are worse in the climate scenarios. This is to be expected given that they are purposefully stress-tests and all the scenarios are bad outcomes. Whilst the risk metrics are weaker, they are not materially so and not enough to suggest that the funding and investment strategy are unduly exposed to climate change risk. The Fund will continue to monitor this risk as more information emerges and climate change modelling techniques evolve.



Sensitivity and risk analysis: other risks

Regulatory, Administration and Governance risks

Potential risks in this area include change in central government legislation which changes the future cost of the LGPS and failures in administration processes leading to incorrect data and inaccuracies in actuarial calculations. At this valuation, specific risks include:

- **McCloud:** the remedy to resolve the McCloud case is yet to be formalised in regulations. However, an allowance has been included for this expected benefit change at the 2022 valuation as directed by the Department of Levelling Up, Housing and Communities in their letter dated March 2022¹.
- **Goodwin:** the remedy to this issue is still uncertain, it is difficult to identify who it would apply to and its impact is estimated to be very small for a LGPS fund (0.1-0.2% of liabilities). Therefore, no allowance has been made for this case at the 2022 valuation.
- Cost Cap: a legal challenge is ongoing in relation to the 2016 cost cap valuation and no information is known about the outcome of the 2020 cost cap valuation. At this valuation, no allowance has been made for any changes to the benefit structure that may occur as a result of a cost cap valuation.
- **GMP indexation:** it is assumed that all increases on GMPs for members reaching State Pension Age after 6 April 2016 will be paid for by LGPS employers. This is the same approach that was taken for the 2019 valuation.

Post valuation events

Since 31 March 2022, there has been significant volatility in the financial markets, short-term inflation expectations and rises in interest rates by central banks. These events affect the value of the Fund's assets and liabilities.

- The Fund's investment return from 31 March 2022 to 31 December 2022 has been -2.8%.
- Liability valuations are likely to be lower now than at 31 March 2022 due to rises in expected future investment returns more than offsetting the higher than expected (10.1%) pension increase at April 2023.

As an open scheme, with a strong covenant, the Fund takes a long-term view when considering the funding impact of such events. For employers who have a very short time horizon, recent volatility may be more immediately impactful, and the Fund has engaged with these employers as appropriate.

No explicit allowance has been made for this volatility in the valuation results or contribution rates detailed in the Rates & Adjustments Certificate. The Fund will continue to monitor changes in the financial and demographic environment as part of its ongoing risk management approach.





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Final comments



Final comments

The Fund's valuation operates within a broader framework, and this document should be considered alongside the following:

- The Funding Strategy Statement, which in particular highlights how different types of employer in different circumstances have their contributions calculated
- The Investment Strategy Statement, which sets out the investment strategy for the Fund
- The general governance of the Fund, such as meetings of the Pensions Committee and Local Pensions Board, decisions delegated to officers, the Fund's business plan, etc
- The Fund's risk register

New employers joining the Fund

Any new employers or admission bodies joining the Fund should be referred to the Fund Actuary to assess the required level of contribution. Depending on the number of transferring members the ceding employer's rate may also need to be reviewed.

Cessations and bulk transfers

Any employer who ceases to participate in the Fund should be referred to the Fund Actuary in accordance with Regulation 64 of the LGPS regulations.

Any bulk movement of scheme members:

- involving 10 or more scheme members being transferred from or to another LGPS fund
- involving 2 or more scheme members being transferred from or to a non-LGPS pension arrangement

should be referred to the Fund Actuary to consider the impact on the Fund.

Valuation frequency

Under the LGPS regulations, the next formal valuation of the Fund is due to be carried out as at 31 March 2025 where contribution rates payable from 1 April 2026 will be set.

Catherine McFadyen

Catherine McFadyen FFA 31 March 2023 For and on behalf of Hymans Robertson LLP

Julie West FFA



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Appendices





Data

Membership data

A summary of the membership data provided by the Fund for the 2022 valuation is set out in Table 10. The corresponding membership data from the previous valuation is also shown for reference.

The results of the valuation are dependent on the quality of the data used. We have carried out a series of validation checks on the data supplied to us by the Administering Authority to ensure that it is fit for purpose.

More information on how we verify the quality of the data used in the valuation has been shared with the Administering Authority in our report 'Data Report for the 2022 Valuation', dated March 2023.

Asset data

To check the membership data and derive employer asset values, we have used asset and accounting data and employer level cashflow data provided by the Fund.

Table 10: Whole fund membership data as at 31 March 2022 and 31 March 2019

Whole Fund Membership Data	This Valuation 31 March 2022	Last Valuation 31 March 2019
Employee members		
Number	17,738	17,631
Total actual pay (£000)	278,414	272,592
Total accrued pension (£000)	50,667	46,891
Average age (liability weighted)	51.8	51.2
Future working lifetime (years)	6.7	8.1
Deferred pensioners (including undecideds)		
Number	24,137	22,183
Total accrued pension (£000)	33,028	26,993
Average age (liability weighted)	52.1	51.3
Pensioners and dependants		
Number	17,031	14,529
Total pensions in payment (£000)	73,104	62,937
Average age (liability weighted)	68.6	68.3



Data

Investment strategy

A summary of the investment strategy allocation used for the calculation of employer contribution rates and to derive the future assumed investment return is set out in Table 11.

We have relied upon as set out in the Fund's Investment Strategy Statement.

This investment strategy shown in Table 11 is as used for the purposes of determining expected investment returns over the next 20 years and reflects the modelling assumptions adopted for this purpose

Table 11: Investment strategy used for the 2022 valuation

Asset class	Allocation
Emerging market equity	4.0%
Global equity	18.0%
Infrastructure	14.5%
Total Equities	36.5%
Multi asset credit	5.0%
Total Fixed Interest	5.0%
Cash	22.0%
Diversified Growth Fund	15.5%
Private equity	5.0%
Private lending	6.0%
Property	10.0%
Total Alternatives	58.5%
Total	100.0%



Assumptions

To set and agree assumptions for the valuation, the Fund carried out in-depth analysis and review in February 2022 with the final set agreed by the Pensions Committee on 20 October 2022.

Financial assumptions

Setting employer contribution rates

An asset-liability model is used to set employer contributions at the 2022 valuation. This model relies on Hymans Robertson's proprietary economic model, the Economic Scenario Service (ESS). The ESS reflects the uncertainty associated with future levels of inflation and asset returns and the interactions and correlations between different asset classes and wider economic variables. In the short term (first few years), the models are fitted with current financial market expectations. Over the longer term, models are built around views of fundamental economic parameters, for example equity risk premium, credit spreads and long term inflation. The table below shows the calibration of the ESS at 31 March 2022. Further information on the assumptions used for contribution rate setting is included in the Funding Strategy Statement.

Table 12: ESS individual asset class return distributions at 31 March 2022

- G	6,				Ass	et class annua	ilised total reti	urns					Inflation/Yields	
Time period	Percentile	Cash	Private Equity	Property	Emerging Markets Equity	Listed Infrastruct ure Equity	Unlisted Infrastruct ure Equity	Diversified Growth Fund	Multi Asset Credit (sub inv grade)	All World Equity GBP Hedged	Direct Lending (private debt) GBP Hedged	Inflation (CPI)	17 year real yield (CPI)	17 year yield
	16 th	0.8%	-1.2%	-0.6%	-2.5%	-1.1%	0.7%	1.4%	1.7%	-0.3%	2.7%	1.6%	-1.7%	1.1%
10 years	50 th	1.8%	9.4%	4.4%	5.8%	4.9%	5.9%	3.2%	3.5%	5.9%	6.0%	3.3%	-0.5%	2.5%
	84 th	2.9%	20.1%	9.5%	14.4%	10.9%	11.2%	5.1%	5.2%	11.9%	9.2%	4.9%	0.7%	4.3%
	16 th	1.0%	2.4%	1.4%	0.1%	1.2%	2.6%	2.1%	2.8%	1.9%	4.3%	1.2%	-0.7%	1.3%
20 years	50 th	2.4%	10.0%	5.0%	6.3%	5.6%	6.5%	3.8%	4.4%	6.4%	6.8%	2.7%	1.1%	3.2%
	84 th	4.0%	17.6%	8.9%	12.8%	10.1%	10.6%	5.7%	6.0%	11.0%	9.2%	4.3%	2.7%	5.7%
	16 th	1.2%	4.7%	2.6%	2.1%	2.6%	3.9%	2.5%	3.6%	3.5%	5.5%	0.9%	-0.6%	1.1%
40 years	50 th	2.9%	10.3%	5.5%	6.8%	6.1%	7.0%	4.4%	5.3%	6.8%	7.7%	2.2%	1.3%	3.3%
	84 th	4.9%	16.1%	8.8%	11.7%	9.8%	10.3%	6.5%	7.1%	10.4%	10.0%	3.7%	3.2%	6.1%
	Volatility (5yr)	2%	30%	15%	26%	18%	15%	5%	6%	18%	10%	3%	-	-





Assumptions

Financial assumptions Calculating the funding level

The table below summarises the assumptions used to calculate the funding level at 31 March 2022, along with a comparison at the last valuation.

Table 13: Summary of assumptions used for measuring the funding level, compared to last valuation on 31 March 2019

Assumption	This valuation 31 March 2022	Required for	Last valuation 31 March 2019
Discount rate	4.4% pa	To place a present value on all the benefits promised to scheme members at the valuation date. The Fund's assets are estimated to have a 70% likelihood of returning above the discount rate.	4.1% pa
Benefit increases / CARE revaluation	2.7% pa	To determine the size of future benefit payments.	2.3% pa
Salary increases	2.7% pa	To determine the size of future final-salary linked benefit payments.	2.3% pa

Allowing for the McCloud remedy

Allowance has been included for this expected benefit change at the 2022 valuation as directed by the Department of Levelling Up, Housing and Communities in their letter dated March 2022¹. Further technical detail about this assumption is set out in guide 13 of Hymans Robertson's LGPS 2022 valuation toolkit²

Assumptions

Demographic assumptions

The same demographic assumptions are used in setting contribution rates and assessing the current funding level.

Longevity

Table 14: Summary of longevity assumptions

	This valuation 31 March 2022	Last valuation 31 March 2019
Baseline assumption	VitaCurves based on member- level lifestyle factors	VitaCurves based on member- level lifestyle factors
Future improvements	CMI 2021 model Initial addition = 0.25% (both Female and Male) Smoothing factor = 7.0 1.5% pa long-term rate of improvement	CMI 2018 model Initial addition = 0.25% (Female), 0.5% (Male) Smoothing factor = 7.0 1.25% pa long-term rate of improvement

Further information on these assumptions can be provided upon request. Sample rates are included on the next page.

Other demographic assumptions

Table 15: Summary of other demographic assumptions

Death in service	See sample rates in Tables 19 & 20
Retirements in ill health	See sample rates in Tables 19 & 20
Withdrawals	See sample rates in Tables 19 & 20
Promotional salary increases	See sample rates in Tables 19 & 20
Commutation	60% of future retirements elect to exchange pension for additional tax free cash up to HMRC limits
50:50 option	1.0% of members (uniformly distributed across the age, service and salary range) will choose the 50:50 option (mascheme) if they are currently in the main scheme (50:50 scheme).
Retirement age	The earliest age at which a member can retire with their benefits unreduced
Proportion married	A varying proportion of members are assumed to have a dependant at retirement or on earlier death. For example, age 60 this is assumed to be 90% for males and 85% for females. The dependant of a male member is assumed to be 3 years younger than him and the dependent of a femalemember is assumed to be 3 years older than her.



Assumptions

Sample rates for demographic assumptions Males

Table 16: Sample rates of male demographic assumptions

Age	Salary Scale	Death Before Retirement	Withdrawals		III Health Tier 1		III Health Tier 2	
		FT & PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT
20	105	0.17	363.88	975.61	0	0	0	0
25	117	0.17	240.35	644.43	0	0	0	0
30	131	0.20	170.54	457.17	0	0	0	0
35	144	0.24	133.24	357.15	0.10	0.07	0.02	0.01
40	150	0.41	107.28	287.46	0.16	0.12	0.03	0.02
45	157	0.68	100.77	269.95	0.35	0.27	0.07	0.05
50	162	1.09	83.06	222.27	0.90	0.68	0.23	0.17
55	162	1.70	65.41	175.12	3.54	2.65	0.51	0.38
60	162	3.06	58.30	156.02	6.23	4.67	0.44	0.33
65	162	5.10	0	0	11.83	8.87	0	0

Females

Table 17: Sample rates of female demographic assumptions

	Salary Death Before							
Age	Scale	Retirement	Withd	rawals	III Health Tier 1		III Health Tier 2	
		FT & PT	FT	PT	FT	PT	FT	PT
20	105	0.10	317.18	467.37	0	0	0	0
25	117	0.10	213.42	314.44	0.10	0.07	0.02	0.01
30	131	0.14	178.90	263.54	0.13	0.10	0.03	0.02
35	144	0.24	154.41	227.38	0.26	0.19	0.05	0.04
40	150	0.38	128.51	189.18	0.39	0.29	0.08	0.06
45	157	0.62	119.93	176.51	0.52	0.39	0.10	0.08
50	162	0.90	101.11	148.65	0.97	0.73	0.24	0.18
55	162	1.19	75.44	111.03	3.59	2.69	0.52	0.39
60	162	1.52	60.80	89.37	5.71	4.28	0.54	0.40
65	162	1.95	0	0	10.26	7.69	0	0

Figures are incidence rates per 1,000 members except salary scale. FT and PT denoted full-time and part-time members respectively.





Reliances and limitations

We have been commissioned by Cornwall Council ("the Administering Authority") to carry out a full actuarial valuation of the Cornwall Pension Fund ("the Fund") as at 31 March 2022 as required under Regulation 62 of the Local Government Pension Scheme Regulations 2013 ("the Regulations").

This report is addressed to the Administering Authority. It has been prepared by us as actuaries to the Fund and is solely for the purpose of summarising the main outcomes of the 2022 actuarial valuation. It has not been prepared for any other third party or for any other purpose. We make no representation or warranties to any third party as to the accuracy or completeness of this report, no reliance should be placed on this report by any third party and we accept no responsibility or liability to any third party in respect of it.

Hymans Robertson LLP is the owner of all intellectual property rights in this report. All such rights are reserved.

This summary report is the culmination of other communications in relation to the valuation, in particular:

- Our <u>2022 valuation toolkit</u> which sets out the methodology used when reviewing funding plans
- Our paper to the Fund's Pension Committee dated February 2022 which discusses the funding strategy for Cornwall Council
- Our paper to the Fund's Pension Committee dated February 2022 which discusses the valuation assumptions
- Our initial results report dated September 2022 which outlines the whole fund results and inter-valuation experience

- Our data report dated March 2023 which summarises the data used for the valuation, the approach to ensuring it is fit for purpose and any adjustments made to it during the course of the valuation
- The Funding Strategy Statement which details the approach taken to adequately fund the current and future benefits due to members

The totality of our advice complies with the Regulations as they relate to actuarial valuations.

The following Technical Actuarial Standards apply to this advice, and have been complied with where material and to a proportionate degree. They are:

- TAS100 Principles for technical actuarial work
- TAS300 Pensions

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Glossary

Term	Explanation
50:50 option	An option for LGPS members to pay half contributions and earn half the retirement benefit (pre-retirement protection benefits are unreduced).
Asset-liability modelling	An approach to modelling and understanding risk for a pension fund. The assets and liabilities are projected forward into the future under many different future scenarios of inflation, investment returns and interest rates. The future scenarios are then analysed to understand the risk associated with a particular combination of contribution rates and investment strategy. Different combinations of contribution rates and/or investment strategies may be tested.
Baseline longevity	The rates of death (by age and sex) in a given group of people based on current observed data.
Club Vita	A firm of longevity experts we partner with for longevity analysis. They combine data from thousands of pension schemes and use it to create detailed baseline longevity assumptions at member-level, as well as insight on general longevity trends and future improvements.
Commutation	The option for members to exchange part of their annual pension for a one-off lump sum at retirement. In the LGPS, every £1 of pension exchanged gives the member £12 of lump sum. The amounts that members commute is heavily influenced by tax rules which set an upper limit on how much lump sum can be taken tax-free.
CPI inflation	The annual rate of change of the Consumer Prices Index (CPI). The CPI is the UK government's preferred measure of inflation and is the measure used to increase LGPS (and all other public sector pension scheme) benefits each year.
Deferred pensioners	A former employee who has left employment (or opted out of the pension fund) but is not yet in receipt of their benefits from the fund.
Demographic assumptions	Assumptions concerned with member and employer choices rather than macroeconomic or financial factors. For example, retirement age or promotional salary scales. Demographic assumptions typically determine the timing of benefit payments.
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Glossary

Term	Explanation
Discount rate	A number used to place a single value on a stream of future payments, allowing for expected future investment returns.
Employee members	Members who are currently employed by employers who participate in the fund and paying contributions into the fund.
ESS	Economic Scenario Service - Hymans Robertson's proprietary economic scenario generator used to create thousands of simulations of future inflation, asset class returns and interest rates.
Funding position	The extent to which the assets held by the fund at 31 March 2022 cover the accrued benefits ie the liabilities. The two measures of the funding position are: • the funding level - the ratio of assets to liabilities; and • the funding surplus/deficit - the difference between the asset and liabilities values.
Inflation	Prices tend to increase over time, which is called inflation. Inflation is measured in different ways, using a different 'basket' of goods and mathematical formulas.
Liabilities	An employer's liability value is the single value at a given point in time of all the benefit payments expected to be made in future to all members. Benefit payments are projected using demographic and financial assumptions and the liability is calculated using a discount rate.
Longevity improvements	An assumption about how rates of death will change in future. Typically we assume that death rates will fall and life expectancies will improve over time, continuing the long-running trend.
Pensioners	A former employee who is in receipt of their benefits from the fund. This category includes eligible dependants of the former employee.



Glossary

Term	Explanation
Primary rate	The estimated cost of future benefits, expressed in percentage of pay terms. The primary rate will include an allowance to cover the fund's expenses.
Prudence	To be prudent means to err on the side of caution in the overall set of assumptions. We build prudence into the choice of discount rate by choosing an assumption with a prudence Level of more than 50%. All other assumptions aim to be best estimate.
Prudence Level	A percentage indicating the likelihood that a discount rate assumption will be achieved in practice, based on the ESS model. The higher the prudence level, the more prudent the discount rate is.
Secondary rate	An adjustment to the primary rate, generally to reflect costs associated with benefits that have already been earned up to the valuation date. This may be expressed as a percentage of pay and/or monetary amount.
Withdrawal	Refers to members leaving the scheme before retirement. These members retain an entitlement to an LGPS pension when they retire, but are no longer earning new benefits.





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Rates & Adjustments certificate



Rates and Adjustments Certificate

In accordance with Regulation 62 of the LGPS regulations, we have assessed the contributions that should be paid into the Cornwall Pension Fund (the Fund) by participating employers for the period 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026 in order to maintain the solvency of the Fund.

The method and assumptions used to calculate the contributions set out in this Rates and Adjustments certificate are detailed in the Funding Strategy Statement dated March 2023 and in Appendix 2 of the report on the actuarial valuation dated 31 March 2023. These assumptions underpin our estimate of the number of members who will become entitled to a payment of pensions under the provisions of the LGPS and the amount of liabilities arising in respect of such members.

The table below summarises the whole fund primary and secondary contribution rates for the period 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2026. The primary rate is the payroll weighted average of the underlying individual employer primary rates and the secondary rate is the total of the underlying individual employer secondary rates, calculated in accordance with the LGPS regulations and CIPFA guidance. The secondary rate has been shown both as a monetary amount and an equivalent percentage of the projected pensionable pay.

		This valuation 31 March 2022	
Primary rate		20.5% of pay	
Secondary rate		Monetary amount	Equivalent to % of payroll
	2023/24	£11,376,000	3.9%
	2024/25	£12,181,000	4.0%
	2025/26	£13,013,000	4.2%

The required minimum contribution rates for each employer in the Fund are set out in the remained of this certificate.



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Employer	Employer name	Current rate	Primary	Secondary rat	e (% of pay plus mor	netary amount)	Total contribution	ons (primary rate plus	secondary rate)
code	Employer name	(primary rate plus secondary rate)	rate (% of pay)	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Cornwall C	ouncil								
	Cornwall Council Pool (Non-School Staff)	17.6% plus £11,474k	19.3%	£8,940k	£9,683k	£10,446k	19.3% plus £8,940k	19.3% plus £9,683k	19.3% plus £10,446k
	Cornwall Council Pool (School Staff)	21.8%	19.3%	2.5%	3.0%	3.5%	21.8%	22.3%	22.8%
235	Cornwall Housing Ltd	25.0%	25.0%				25.0%	25.0%	25.0%
244	Cornwall Airport Ltd	26.8%	26.8%				26.8%	26.8%	26.8%
293	Cormac Solutions Ltd	28.7%	28.7%				28.7%	28.7%	28.7%
338	Corserv	20.7%	20.7%				20.7%	20.7%	20.7%
413	Corserv Care Ltd	37.1%	37.1%				37.1%	37.1%	37.1%
Other Sche	eduled Bodies								
2	Cornwall Inshore Fisheries Conservation Authority	18.0% plus £28,200	19.2%	£36,000	£52,000	£68,000	19.2% plus £36,000	19.2% plus £52,000	19.2% plus £68,000
56	Council of the Isles of Scilly	17.6% plus £259,200	19.0%	£208,000	£208,000	£208,000	19.0% plus £208,000	19.0% plus £208,000	19.0% plus £208,000
150	Tamar Bridge and Torpoint Ferry	20.0% plus £163,900	19.2%	£190,000	£190,000	£190,000	19.2% plus £190,000	19.2% plus £190,000	19.2% plus £190,000
203	Falmouth Harbour Commissioners	19.8%	19.3%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	19.8%	19.8%	19.8%
Resolution	Bodies								
100	Bodmin Town Council	18.7% plus £24,200	19.8%	-1.1% plus £24,200	-1.1% plus £24,200	-1.1% plus £24,200	18.7% plus £24,200	18.7% plus £24,200	18.7% plus £24,200
101	Bude Stratton Town Council	18.7% plus £10,200	20.1%	-1.4% plus £10,200	-1.4% plus £10,200	-1.4% plus £10,200	18.7% plus £10,200	18.7% plus £10,200	18.7% plus £10,200
106	Penzance Town Council	18.7% plus £13,500	19.1%	-0.4% plus £13,500	-0.4% plus £13,500	-0.4% plus £13,500	18.7% plus £13,500	18.7% plus £13,500	18.7% plus £13,500
107	Saltash Town Council	18.7% plus £5,300	19.5%	£500	£500	£500	19.5% plus £500	19.5% plus £500	19.5% plus £500
110	Truro City Council	18.7% plus £24,500	19.5%	£38,100	£38,100	£38,100	19.5% plus £38,100	19.5% plus £38,100	19.5% plus £38,100
112	Falmouth Town Council	18.7% plus £10,800	20.2%	£7,200	£7,200	£7,200	20.2% plus £7,200	20.2% plus £7,200	20.2% plus £7,200





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Employer	F	Current rate	Primary	Secondary ra	te (% of pay plus mor	etary amount)	Total contributions (primary rate plus secondary rate)			
code	Employer name	(primary rate plus secondary rate)	rate (% of pay)	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	
Minor Emp	loyers Pool	:	:		:		•	:	·	
102	Launceston Town Council	18.7% plus £9,000	19.6%	£5,200	£5,200	£5,200	19.6% plus £5,200	19.6% plus £5,200	19.6% plus £5,200	
103	Liskeard Town Council	18.7% plus £6,100	19.6%	£4,900	£4,900	£4,900	19.6% plus £4,900	19.6% plus £4,900	19.6% plus £4,90	
105	Perranzabuloe Parish Council	18.7% plus £1,100	19.6%	£1,000	£1,000	£1,000	19.6% plus £1,000	19.6% plus £1,000	19.6% plus £1,000	
108	St Ives Town Council	18.7% plus £6,000	19.6%	£5,600	£5,600	£5,600	19.6% plus £5,600	19.6% plus £5,600	19.6% plus £5,600	
109	Torpoint Town Council	18.7% plus £2,600	19.6%	£1,200	£1,200	£1,200	19.6% plus £1,200	19.6% plus £1,200	19.6% plus £1,200	
111	Penryn Town Council	18.7% plus £3,200	19.6%	£2,300	£2,300	£2,300	19.6% plus £2,300	19.6% plus £2,300	19.6% plus £2,300	
113	Callington Town Council	18.7% plus £3,800	19.6%	£3,700	£3,700	£3,700	19.6% plus £3,700	19.6% plus £3,700	19.6% plus £3,700	
115	Camborne Town Council	18.7% plus £6,200	19.6%	£5,700	£5,700	£5,700	19.6% plus £5,700	19.6% plus £5,700	19.6% plus £5,700	
116	Helston Town Council	18.7% plus £7,200	19.6%	£3,900	£3,900	£3,900	19.6% plus £3,900	19.6% plus £3,900	19.6% plus £3,900	
117	Padstow Town Council	18.7% plus £7,300	19.6%	£4,500	£4,500	£4,500	19.6% plus £4,500	19.6% plus £4,500	19.6% plus £4,500	
118	Roche Parish Council	18.7% plus £1,300	19.6%	£300	£300	£300	19.6% plus £300	19.6% plus £300	19.6% plus £300	
119	Feock Parish Council	18.7% plus £1,100	19.6%	£1,100	£1,100	£1,100	19.6% plus £1,100	19.6% plus £1,100	19.6% plus £1,10	
120	Redruth Town Council	18.7% plus £6,300	19.6%	£4,900	£4,900	£4,900	19.6% plus £4,900	19.6% plus £4,900	19.6% plus £4,900	
121	Camelford Town Council	18.7% plus £1,300	19.6%	£2,500	£2,500	£2,500	19.6% plus £2,500	19.6% plus £2,500	19.6% plus £2,500	
122	Carlyon Town Council	18.7% plus £300	19.6%	£200	£200	£200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200	
123	Sithney Parish Council	18.7% plus £200	19.6%	£200	£200	£200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200	
124	St Austell Bay Parish Council	18.7% plus £600	19.6%	£400	£400	£400	19.6% plus £400	19.6% plus £400	19.6% plus £400	
125	Lanivet Parish Council	18.7% plus £200	19.6%	£100	£100	£100	19.6% plus £100	19.6% plus £100	19.6% plus £100	
127	Lostwithiel Town Council	18.7% plus £900	19.6%	£800	£800	£800	19.6% plus £800	19.6% plus £800	19.6% plus £800	
128	St Minver Highlands Parish Council	18.7% plus £200	19.6%	£100	£100	£100	19.6% plus £100	19.6% plus £100	19.6% plus £100	
129	Linkenhorne Parish Council	18.7% plus £200	19.6%	£200	£200	£200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200	
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code	Employer name	(primary rate plus secondary rate)	rate (% of pay)	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
130	Manaccan Parish Council	18.7% plus £100	19.6%	£100	£100	£100	19.6% plus £100	19.6% plus £100	19.6% plus £100
131	Gwithian Gwinear Parish Council	18.7% plus £900	19.6%	£800	£800	£800	19.6% plus £800	19.6% plus £800	19.6% plus £800
132	St Columb Major Town Council	18.7% plus £300	19.6%	£300	£300	£300	19.6% plus £300	19.6% plus £300	19.6% plus £300
133	St Keverne Parish Council	18.7% plus £200	19.6%	£200	£200	£200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200
134	Mawgan In Meneage Parish Council	18.7% plus £200	19.6%	£200	£200	£200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200
135	St Martin Parish Council	18.7%	19.6%				19.6%	19.6%	19.6%
136	Grade Ruan Parish Council	18.7% plus £200	19.6%	£100	£100	£100	19.6% plus £100	19.6% plus £100	19.6% plus £100
137	St Neot Parish Council	18.7%	19.6%	£200	£200	£200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200
138	St Just In Roseland Parish Council	18.7%	19.6%	£600	£600	£600	19.6% plus £600	19.6% plus £600	19.6% plus £600
139	St Sampson Parish Council	18.7%	19.6%	£100	£100	£100	19.6% plus £100	19.6% plus £100	19.6% plus £100
154	St Just-In-Penwith Town Council	18.7% plus £1,200	19.6%	£1,300	£1,300	£1,300	19.6% plus £1,300	19.6% plus £1,300	19.6% plus £1,300
155	St Austell Town Council	18.7% plus £3,500	19.6%	£8,100	£8,100	£8,100	19.6% plus £8,100	19.6% plus £8,100	19.6% plus £8,100
158	Marhamchurch Parish Council	18.7%	19.6%	£200	£200	£200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200
217	St Agnes Parish Council	18.7% plus £1,500	19.6%	£1,900	£1,900	£1,900	19.6% plus £1,900	19.6% plus £1,900	19.6% plus £1,900
221	Wadebridge Town Council	18.7% plus £7,400	19.6%	£7,600	£7,600	£7,600	19.6% plus £7,600	19.6% plus £7,600	19.6% plus £7,600
224	Newquay Town Council	18.7% plus £9,400	19.6%	£9,000	£9,000	£9,000	19.6% plus £9,000	19.6% plus £9,000	19.6% plus £9,000
227	Hayle Town Council	18.7% plus £2,800	19.6%	£2,900	£2,900	£2,900	19.6% plus £2,900	19.6% plus £2,900	19.6% plus £2,900
232	Calstock Parish Council	18.7% plus £1,700	19.6%	£1,700	£1,700	£1,700	19.6% plus £1,700	19.6% plus £1,700	19.6% plus £1,700
237	St Blaise Town Council	18.7% plus £900	19.6%	£500	£500	£500	19.6% plus £500	19.6% plus £500	19.6% plus £500
243	Deviock Parish Council	18.7%	19.6%				19.6%	19.6%	19.6%
403	Ponsanooth Parish Council	18.7%	19.6%	£300	£300	£300	19.6% plus £300	19.6% plus £300	19.6% plus £300
406	Delabole Parish Council	18.7%	19.6%	£200	£200	£200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200	19.6% plus £200
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code	Employer name	(primary rate plus secondary rate)	rate (% of pay)	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Colleges ar	nd Universities								
208	Falmouth University	18.1% plus £376,000	23.1%	£166,000	£166,000	£166,000	23.1% plus £166,000	23.1% plus £166,000	23.1% plus £166,00
236	Falmouth Exeter Plus	18.3% plus £214,000	23.6%	£18,000	£18,000	£18,000	23.6% plus £18,000	23.6% plus £18,000	23.6% plus £18,00
	Cornwall College	19.3% plus £744,000	23.2%	-3.9% plus £744,000	-3.9% plus £744,000	-3.9% plus £744,000	19.3% plus £744,000	19.3% plus £744,000	19.3% plus £744,00
	Truro and Penwith College	18.4% plus £240,000	21.6%	-3.2% plus £247,000	-3.2% plus £253,000	-3.2% plus £260,000	18.4% plus £247,000	18.4% plus £253,000	18.4% plus £260,00
Academies									
254	Bodmin College Academy	17.2% plus £69,000	19.6%	3.5%	3.5%	3.5%	23.1%	23.1%	23.1%
256	Pool Academy	16.9% plus £37,000	20.1%	3.6%	3.6%	3.6%	23.7%	23.7%	23.7%
265	Penair School	16.7% plus £57,000	19.7%	5.2%	5.2%	5.2%	24.9%	24.9%	24.9%
270	Penryn College	16.3% plus £53,000	19.8%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	20.2%	20.2%	20.2%
272	Trewirgie Junior School	17.0% plus £18,000	20.0%	1.9%	1.9%	1.9%	21.9%	21.9%	21.9%
275	Archbishop Benson School	18.1% plus £21,000	20.3%	2.6%	2.6%	2.6%	22.9%	22.9%	22.9%
280	Sir Robert Geffery's School	17.8% plus £11,000	20.2%	1.6%	1.6%	1.6%	21.8%	21.8%	21.8%
287	Harrowbarrow School	17.7% plus £4,000	21.4%	-0.6%	-0.6%	-0.6%	20.8%	20.8%	20.8%
292	Wadebridge Secondary School	16.7% plus £64,000	19.5%	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%	22.7%	22.7%	22.7%
304	Athena Learning Trust	16.9% plus £103,000	19.9%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	21.9%	21.9%	21.9%
316	An Daras Multi Academy Trust	17.3% plus £47,000	20.1%	1.6%	1.6%	1.6%	21.7%	21.7%	21.7%
317	Duchy Academy Trust	17.1% plus £21,000	20.5%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	20.4%	20.4%	20.4%
353	Callywith College Trust	16.7% plus £20,000	19.5%	-0.6%	-0.6%	-0.6%	18.9%	18.9%	18.9%
373	North Cornwall Learning Trust	18.8% plus £18,000	20.5%	0.4%	1.1%	1.9%	20.9%	21.6%	22.4%
	Aspire Academy Trust	16.8% plus £347,000	19.7%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%	21.4%	21.4%	21.4%
	Bridge MAT	17.0% plus £138,000	20.1%	3.1%	3.4%	3.7%	23.2%	23.5%	23.8%



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Employer	Employer name	Current rate	Primary	Secondary rat	te (% of pay plus mor	netary amount)	Total contribution	ons (primary rate plus	secondary rate)
code		(primary rate plus secondary rate)	rate (% of pay)	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
	Camborne Science & Int. Academy	16.1% plus £58,000	19.6%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%	21.4%	21.4%	21.4%
	Cornwall Education Learning Trust	16.7% plus £346,000	19.7%	1.8%	1.8%	1.8%	21.5%	21.5%	21.5%
	Crofty MAT	19.2% plus £27,000	19.8%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	20.2%	20.2%	20.2%
	Kernow Learning MAT	17.2% plus £233,000	20.1%	1.0%	1.0%	1.0%	21.1%	21.1%	21.1%
	Leading Edge Academies Partnership	17.0% plus £79,000	19.8%	-0.1%	-0.1%	-0.1%	19.7%	19.7%	19.7%
	Plymouth CAST	17.0% plus £41,000	20.3%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%	22.0%	22.0%	22.0%
	Rainbow MAT	16.7% plus £32,000	19.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	19.8%	19.8%	19.8%
	Roseland MAT	17.1% plus £61,000	19.2%	1.2%	1.2%	1.2%	20.4%	20.4%	20.4%
	South East Cornwall MART	17.8% plus £148,000	20.0%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	22.2%	22.2%	22.2%
	Special Partnership Trust	16.4% plus £283,000	19.3%	5.1%	5.1%	5.1%	24.4%	24.4%	24.4%
	St Barnabas Multi Academy Trust	17.0% plus £46,000	20.0%	2.2%	2.2%	2.2%	22.2%	22.2%	22.2%
	Tregolls School	16.7% plus £15,000	19.6%	0.4%	0.4%	0.4%	20.0%	20.0%	20.0%
	Truro and Penwith Academy Trust	17.1% plus £265,000	20.1%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	20.7%	20.7%	20.7%
	Venture MAT	16.2% plus £17,000	19.5%	-0.6%	0.1%	0.9%	18.9%	19.6%	20.4%
	Wave Multi Academy Trust	16.6% plus £60,000	19.6%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	21.1%	21.1%	21.1%
	Westcountry Schools Trust	17.4% plus £74,000	20.1%	2.5%	2.5%	2.5%	22.6%	22.6%	22.6%
Admission	Bodies								
216	CSW Group Ltd	17.4% plus £527,000	24.6%				24.6%	24.6%	24.6%
246	RNLI	35.0%	42.5%	£15,000	£15,000	£15,000	42.5% plus £15,000	42.5% plus £15,000	42.5% plus £15,00
306	We Are With You	36.3%	39.9%	£9,000	£9,000	£9,000	39.9% plus £9,000	39.9% plus £9,000	39.9% plus £9,00
329	CAPHC	31.9%	27.9%				27.9%	27.9%	27.9%
349	Greenwich Leisure Services	28.2%	22.5%	5.7%	5.7%	5.7%	28.2%	28.2%	28.2%
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Employer	F	Current rate	Primary	Secondary ra	te (% of pay plus mor	netary amount)	Total contribution	ons (primary rate plus	secondary rate)
code	Employer name	(primary rate plus secondary rate)	rate (% of pay)	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
248	Churchill Contract Services	0.0%	26.8%	-26.8%	-26.8%	-26.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
251	Mitie Catering Services Ltd	26.3%	28.7%	-2.4%	-2.4%	-2.4%	26.3%	26.3%	26.3%
297	Churchill Contract Serv. (Cormac 2012)	0.0%	34.5%	-34.5%	-34.5%	-34.5%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
319	Churchill (Truro College)	25.4%	30.6%	-5.2%	-5.2%	-5.2%	25.4%	25.4%	25.4%
324	Compass Services (UK) Ltd	31.8%	28.4%				28.4%	28.4%	28.4%
330	Glen Cleaning Services	5.3%	30.7%	-25.4%	-25.4%	-25.4%	5.3%	5.3%	5.3%
331	Churchill Cormac	10.0%	29.4%	-19.4%	-19.4%	-19.4%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
335	Churchill Trevithick 2015	7.9%	31.9%	-24.0%	-24.0%	-24.0%	7.9%	7.9%	7.9%
345	Churchill St Merryn	16.4%	35.4%	-19.0%	-19.0%	-19.0%	16.4%	16.4%	16.4%
347	Compass Services UK (Fal)	25.0%	28.3%	-3.3%	-3.3%	-3.3%	25.0%	25.0%	25.0%
348	Glen Cleaning (Roseland)	16.2%	35.8%	-19.6%	-19.6%	-19.6%	16.2%	16.2%	16.2%
350	Aspens Services (Bodmin College)	37.8%	28.2%				28.2%	28.2%	28.2%
352	Glen Cleaning (Aspire)	30.4%	26.3%				26.3%	26.3%	26.3%
354	Aspens Services (Budehaven)	33.0%	20.7%				20.7%	20.7%	20.7%
355	Caterlink (Celtic Cross)	29.0%	22.5%				22.5%	22.5%	22.5%
356	Churchill Contract Services (Ace MAT)	35.1%	26.6%				26.6%	26.6%	26.6%
363	Caterlink (Bridge)	36.7%	35.5%				35.5%	35.5%	35.5%
364	Compass (An Daras)	32.4%	28.9%				28.9%	28.9%	28.9%
367	Compass Services (Crofty)	33.8%	29.5%				29.5%	29.5%	29.5%
368	Compass (Cornwall Council)	34.0%	26.9%				26.9%	26.9%	26.9%
370	TSSW	25.7%	26.3%	-0.6%	-0.6%	-0.6%	25.7%	25.7%	25.7%
371	Churchill (CAST)	35.6%	34.9%				34.9%	34.9%	34.9%



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379		(primary rate plus secondary rate)	rate (% of pay)	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
010	Aspens Services (Aspire)	31.2%	25.4%				25.4%	25.4%	25.4%
381	Caterlink (TPC)	34.4%	32.4%				32.4%	32.4%	32.4%
384	Compass Services (Pool)	28.2%	28.1%				28.1%	28.1%	28.1%
386	Aspens Service (Penpol)	33.4%	29.5%				29.5%	29.5%	29.5%
387	Compass (SMART)	32.2%	29.5%				29.5%	29.5%	29.5%
389	Churchill (Kernow MAT)	32.1%	25.6%				25.6%	25.6%	25.6%
390	Compass Services (Penair)	33.4%	28.2%				28.2%	28.2%	28.2%
392	Churchill (Tpat)	38.4%	25.2%				25.2%	25.2%	25.2%
393	Churchill (SMART)	38.0%	29.3%				29.3%	29.3%	29.3%
394	Compass (Saltash)	28.4%	26.5%				26.5%	26.5%	26.5%
395	Compass Services (TPAT)	30.2%	35.0%	£13,000	£13,000	£13,000	35.0% plus £13,000	35.0% plus £13,000	35.0% plus £13,0
396	Churchill (CELTIC)	28.0%	27.1%				27.1%	27.1%	27.1%
397	Churchill (St Barnabus MAT)	24.3%	29.5%	-5.2%	-5.2%	-5.2%	24.3%	24.3%	24.3%
398	Glen Cleaning (Treviglas)	28.6%	39.5%	£800			39.5% plus £800	39.5%	39.5%
399	Aspens Services (Aspire Academy Trust)	27.9%	25.1%				25.1%	25.1%	25.1%
400	Biffa Municipal Ltd	0.0%	25.1%	-25.1%	-25.1%	-25.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
401	Compass (Crofty2)	28.4%	26.4%				26.4%	26.4%	26.4%
402	Compass (Celt)	29.5%	23.2%				23.2%	23.2%	23.2%
407	Cleverchefs	19.4%	10.0%	£700			10.0% plus £700	10.0%	10.0%
408	Churchill (CELT 2021)	23.2%	21.3%				21.3%	21.3%	21.3%
410	Churchill (TPAT2021)	20.3%	21.6%	-1.3%	-1.3%	-1.3%	20.3%	20.3%	20.3%
412	Churchill (Gulval)	26.2%	26.4%	-0.2%	-0.2%	-0.2%	26.2%	26.2%	26.2%



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Employer	F	Current rate	Primary	Secondary rate	Secondary rate (% of pay plus monetary amount)			Total contributions (primary rate plus secondary rate)		
Employer code	Employer name	(primary rate plus rate secondary rate) (% of pay) 2023/24 2024/25 2025/26	2025/26	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26				
414	Expedite Complete Business Solutions	17.0%	20.1%	3.1%	3.4%	3.7%	23.2%	23.5%	23.8%	
Post 2022 V	/aluation Joiners									
416	Corserv Facilities		31.6%				31.6%	31.6%	31.6%	
424	Week St Mary Parish Council		19.6%				19.6%	19.6%	19.6%	



Further comments to the Rates and Adjustments Certificate

- Contributions expressed as a percentage of payroll should be paid into the Fund at a frequency in accordance with the requirements of the Regulations
- Further sums should be paid to the Fund to meet the costs of any early retirements and/or augmentations using methods and factors issued by us from time to time or as otherwise agreed.
- Payments may be required to be made to the Fund by employers to meet the capital costs of any ill-health retirements that exceed those allowed for within our assumptions.
- The certified contribution rates represent the minimum level of contributions to be paid. Employing authorities may pay further amounts at any time and future periodic contributions may be adjusted on a basis approved by the Fund Actuary.
- The monetary contributions set out in the certificate above can be prepaid in advance with appropriate adjustments for interest as and when agreed with the Administering Authority. Under these circumstances a revised Rates and Adjustments certificate may be issued reflecting any advance payments.

Catherine McFadyen

Catherine McFadyen FFA

31 March 2023 For and on behalf of Hymans Robertson LLP Julie West FFA

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Metric	Unit	2022 valuation
2022 funding position – local funding basis		
Funding level (assets/liabilities)	%	96%
Funding level (change since previous valuation)	%	6% increase
Asset value used at the valuation	£m	2,363
Value of liabilities (including McCloud liability)	£m	2,463
Surplus (deficit)	£m	(100)
Discount rate – past service	% pa	4.4%
Discount rate – future service	% pa	Past service and future service are consistently valued with the same underlying assumptions, methodologies and models regarding future expected levels of inflation, interest rates and investment returns.
Assumed pension increase (CPI)	% pa	2.7%
Method of derivation of discount rate, plus any changes since previous valuation		There is a 70% likelihood that the Fund's assets will return at least 4.4% over the 20 following the 2022 valuation date. This is the same methodology used for the 2019 valuation.





Metric	Unit	2022 valuation
Assumed life expectancy at age 65		
Life expectancy for current pensioners – men age 65	years	21.5
Life expectancy for current pensioners – women age 65	years	24.3
Life expectancy for future pensioners – men age 45	Years	22.4
Life expectancy for future pensioners – women age 45	years	25.8
Past service funding position – SAB basis (for comparison purposes only)		
Market value of assets	£m	2,363
Value of liabilities	£m	2,364
Funding level on SAB basis (assets/liabilities)	%	101%
Funding level on SAB basis (change since last valuation)	%	2% increase





Metric Control of the	Unit	2022 valuation	2019 valuation
Contribution rates payable			
Primary contribution rate	% of pay	20.5%	19.1%
Secondary contribution rate (cash amounts in each year in line with CIPFA guidance)			
1st year of rates and adjustments certificate	£m	11.376	16.790
2 nd year of rates and adjustments certificate	£m	12.181	16.687
3 rd year of rates and adjustments certificate	£m	13.013	16.585
Giving total expected contributions			
1st year of rates and adjustments certificate (£ figure based on assumed payroll)	£m	71.674	70.066
2 nd year of rates and adjustments certificate (£ figure based on assumed payroll)	£m	74.113	71.196
3 rd year of rates and adjustments certificate (£ figure based on assumed payroll)	£m	76.624	72.355
Assumed payroll (cash amounts in each year)			
1st year of rates and adjustments certificate	£m	293.717	278.900
2 nd year of rates and adjustments certificate	£m	301.676	285.354
3 rd year of rates and adjustments certificate	£m	309.852	291.957
3 year average total employer contribution rate	% of pay	24.6%	25.0%
Average employee contribution	% of pay	6.3%	6.3%
Employee contribution rate (£ figure based on assumed payroll of £293.717m)	£m pa	18.601	17.531





Metric	Unit	2022 valuation	2019 valuation
Deficit recovery and surplus spreading plan			
Latest deficit recovery period end date, where this methodology is used by the fund's actuarial advisor	Year	Methodology not used	Methodology not used
Earliest surplus spreading period end date, where this methodology is used by the fund's actuarial advisor	Year	Methodology not used	Methodology not used
The time horizon end date, where this methodology is used by the fund's actuarial advisor	Year	2042	2039
The funding plan's likelihood of success, where this methodology is used by the fund's actuarial advisor	%	70%	70%
Percentage of liabilities relating to employers with deficit recovery periods of longer than 20 years	%	0%	0%
Additional information			
Percentage of total liabilities that are in respect of Tier 3 employers	%	11%	
Included climate change analysis/comments in the 2022 valuation report		Yes	
Value of McCloud liability in the 2022 valuation report (on local funding basis)	£m	2.3	



